

COLORADO

#12*

In Colorado, the Fair Market Rent (FMR) for a two-bedroom apartment is **\$1,143**. In order to afford this level of rent and utilities — without paying more than 30% of income on housing — a household must earn **\$3,809** monthly or **\$45,707** annually. Assuming a 40-hour work week, 52 weeks per year, this level of income translates into an hourly Housing Wage of:

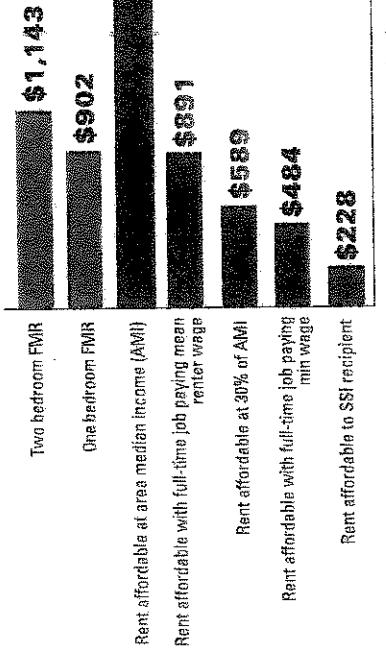
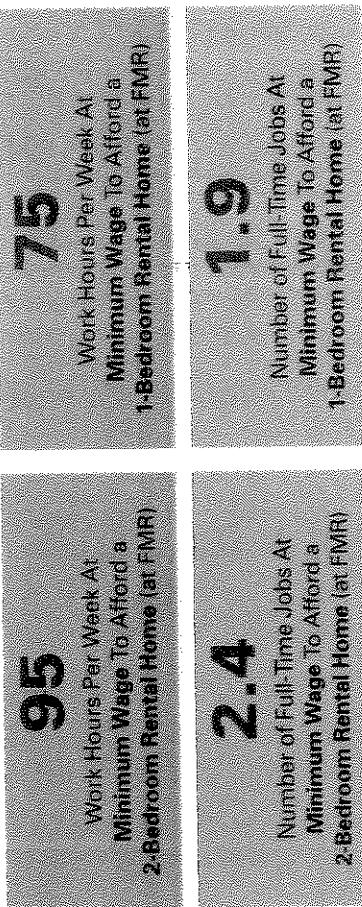
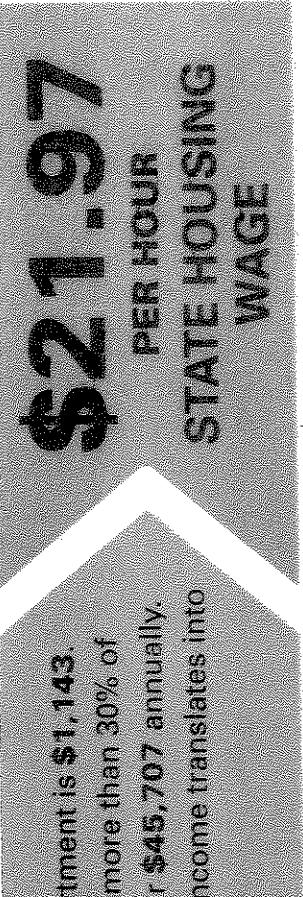
FACTS ABOUT COLORADO:

STATE FACTS	
Minimum Wage	\$9.30
Average Renter Wage	\$17.13
2-Bedroom Housing Wage	\$21.97
Number of Renter Households	722,202
Percent Renters	36%

MOST EXPENSIVE AREAS	HOUSING WAGE
Pitkin County	\$30.75
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood MSA *	\$25.10
San Miguel County	\$25.04
Summit County	\$24.56
Eagle County	\$24.15

* Ranked from Highest to Lowest 2-Bedroom Housing Wage

OUT OF REACH 2017 | NATIONAL LOW INCOME HOUSING COALITION



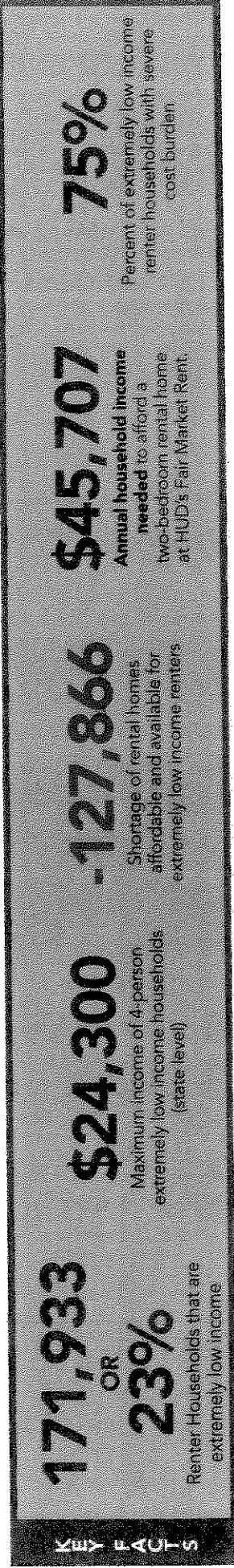
\$0 \$500 \$1,000 \$1,500 \$2,000 \$2,500

2018 COLORADO HOUSING PROFILE

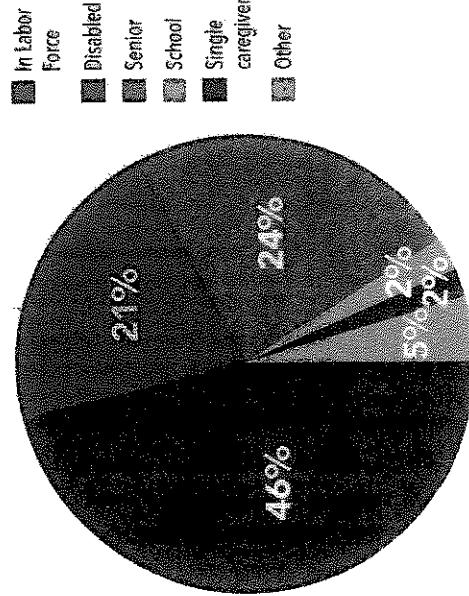


Across Colorado, there is a shortage of rental homes affordable and available to extremely low income households (ELI), whose incomes are at or below the poverty guideline or 30% of their area median income (AMI). Many of these households are severely cost burdened, spending more than half of their income on housing. Severely cost burdened poor households are more likely than other renters to sacrifice other necessities like healthy food and healthcare to pay the rent, and to experience unstable housing situations like evictions.

SENATORS: Michael Bennet and Cory Gardner

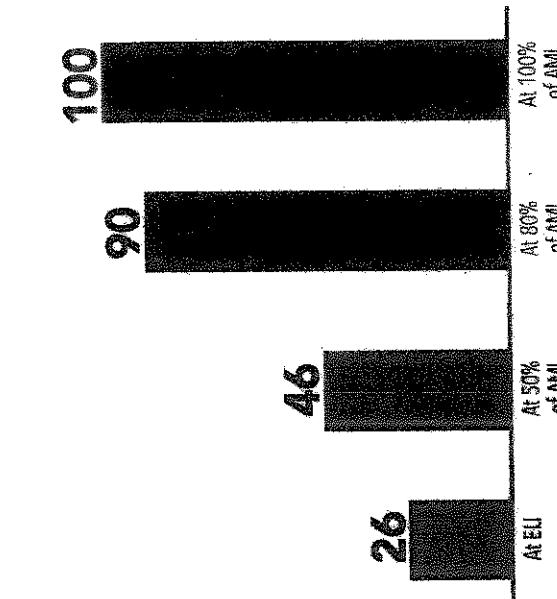


EXTREMELY LOW INCOME RENTER HOUSEHOLDS



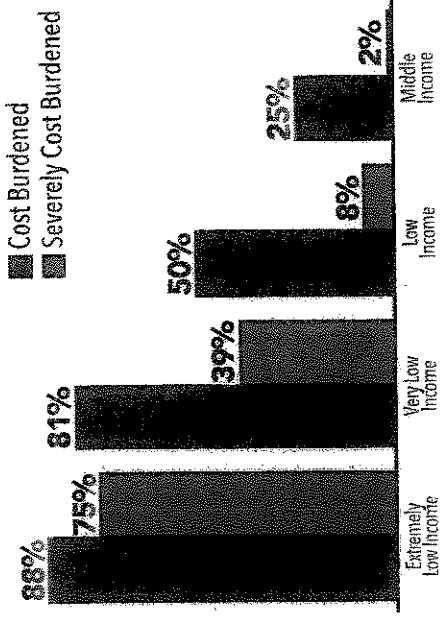
Note: Mutually exclusive categories applied in the following order: senior, disabled, in labor force, enrolled in school, 1-adult caregiver of a child under 7 or a person with a disability, and other. Nationally, 10.5% of extremely low income renter households are non-disabled/non-senior adult caregiver of a young child or disabled person, more than three-quarters of whom are in the labor force and 2% of whom are in school.
Source: 2016 ACS PLUMS.

AFFORDABLE AND AVAILABLE HOMES PER 100 RENTER HOUSEHOLDS



Source: NLIHC tabulations of 2016 ACS PLUMS

HOUSING COST BURDEN BY INCOME GROUP



Renter households spending more than 30% of their income on housing costs and utilities are cost burdened; those spending more than half of their income are severely cost burdened.
Source: NLIHC tabulations of 2016 ACS PLUMS.

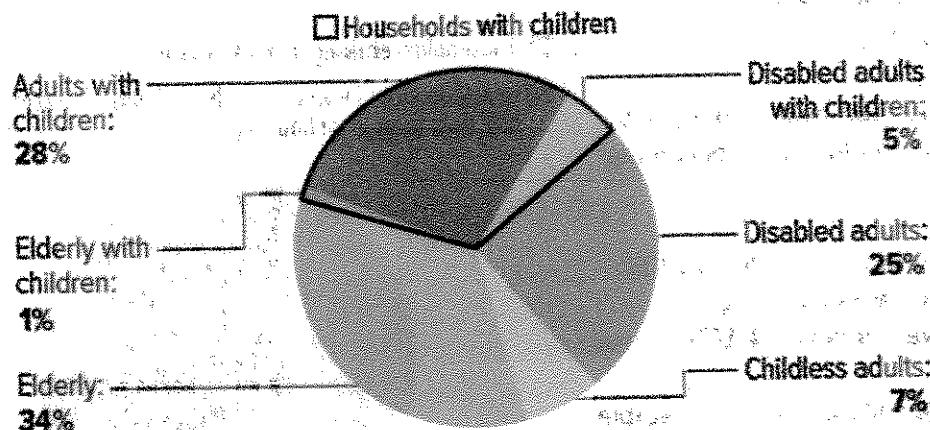
Colorado

Fact Sheet: Federal Rental Assistance

Federal rental assistance helps struggling Colorado seniors, people with disabilities, veterans, and working families keep a roof over their heads and make ends meet. Over 60,000 low-income households in Colorado use federal rental assistance to rent modest housing at an affordable cost; at least 71 percent have extremely low incomes.*

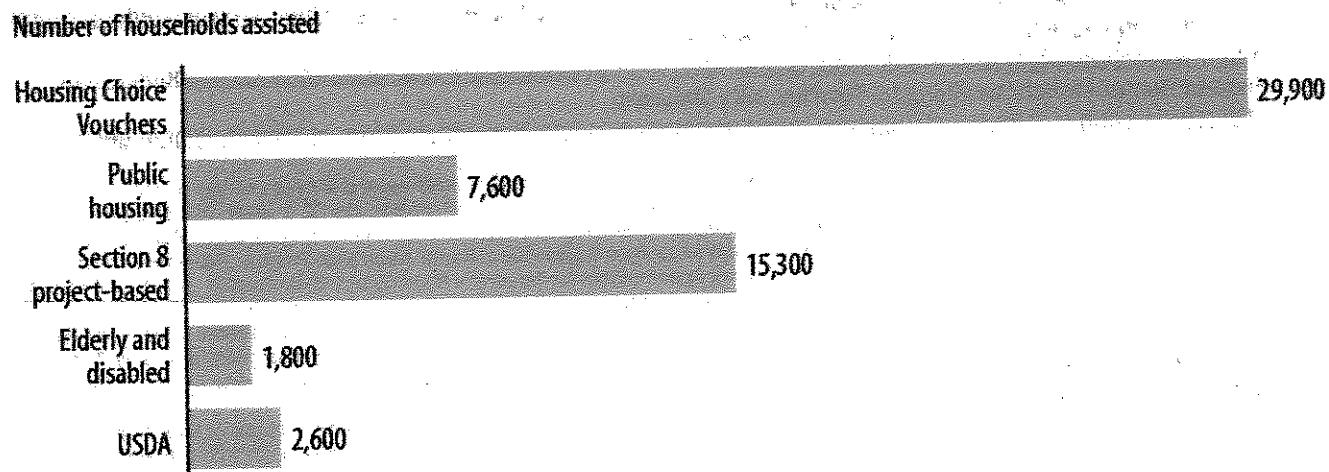
Who Does Federal Rental Assistance Help?

93 Percent of Households Using Federal Rental Assistance in Colorado Include Children or People Who Are Elderly or Disabled



- Rental assistance supports low-wage working families: in 2016, 73 percent of non-elderly, non-disabled households receiving HUD rental assistance in Colorado were working, worked recently, or likely were subject to work requirements.
- Rental assistance helps families in urban and rural areas. More than 8,400 Colorado households receiving federal rental assistance live in non-metropolitan areas.
- These programs brought \$501,000,000 in federal funding into Colorado in 2016.

What Major Types of Federal Rental Assistance Do Colorado Families Use?

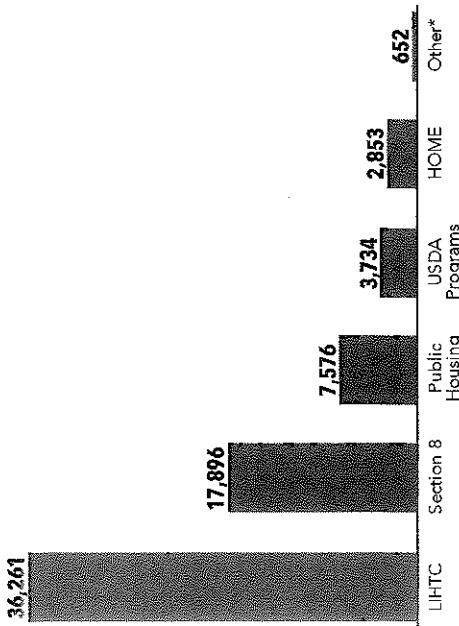


* Low-income households have incomes that do not exceed 80 percent of the local median income, which is equivalent to \$53,200 for a family of three in Colorado. Extremely low-income households have incomes that do not exceed 30 percent of the local median income, which is equivalent to \$19,950 for a family of three in Colorado.

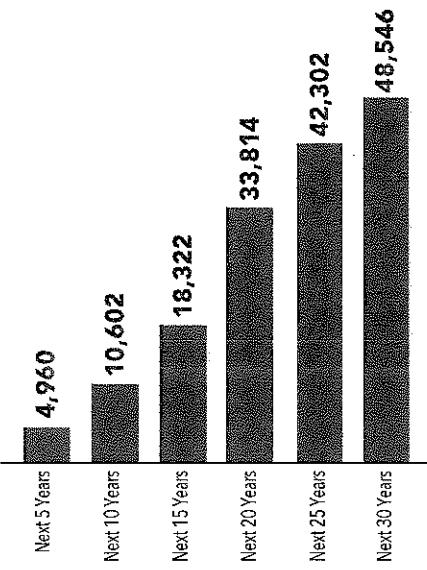
2017 PRESERVATION PROFILE COLORADO

The US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and the US Department of Agriculture (USDA) programs play an important role in providing affordable homes to extremely low-income (ELI) families across the state. Many of the publicly supported homes, however, face expiring contracts and are at risk of becoming unaffordable to the state's lowest-income families.

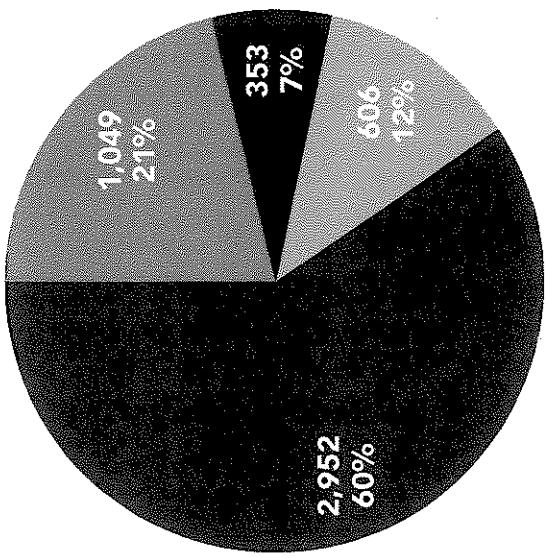
NUMBER OF PUBLICLY SUPPORTED RENTAL HOMES BY PROGRAM



PUBLICLY SUPPORTED RENTAL HOMES AT RISK OF LOSS



PUBLICLY SUPPORTED RENTAL HOMES WITH EXPIRING AFFORDABILITY RESTRICTIONS WITHIN FIVE YEARS BY FUNDING STREAM



Nearly one-in-five publicly supported rental homes face an expiring affordability restriction in the next five years.
Nearly one-in-five publicly supported rental homes with expiring affordability restrictions in the next five years are assisted by Section 8 contracts.

Note: Rental units can be supported by multiple programs.

KEY	120,987	123,909	60,547
Shortage of rental homes affordable and available for ELI renters	ELI households spending more than half of their income on rent	Number of publicly supported rental homes	Number of publicly supported rental homes with affordability restrictions expiring in next five years

4,960
Number of publicly supported rental homes with affordability restrictions expiring in next five years
WWW.PRESERVATIONDATABASE.ORG